# **EPA Five-Year Review Signature Cover Key Review Information**

9/21/99

## Site Identification

Site Name:

**Colbert Landfill** 

Spokane County, Washington

EPA ID: WAD980514541

EPA Region: 10

## Site Status

NPL Status:

Final NPL List (10/83)

Remediation Status:

Construction Completed, Operating, O&M

Number of OUs:

One, Entire Site

Construction Completion Date:

May 31, 1997 (Accepted by County)

Site Lead: PRP

Lead Agency: Joint: EPA & Ecology

Site is NOT destined for Reuse

## **Review Status**

Statutory Required Five-Year Review

Five-Year Review Conducted By:

Neil E. Thompson, Project Manager

Superfund Cleanup Unit 4

Office of Environmental Cleanup EPA Region 10, Seattle, WA

Five-Year Review: 5/24/99 - 8/27/99

Site Inspection: 7/26/99

# Trigger Action and Event

Five-Year Review History:

#1: 7/13/94

Site Inspection:

7/13/94 (PCOR)

Site Inspection:

9/9/97 (post-const)

#2: 7/26/99

Site Inspection:

7/26/99 (2<sup>nd</sup> 5-Year)

Next Five-Year Review:

5 years (2004)

Colbert Landfill 5-Year Review

## **Five-Year Review Summary**

Colbert Landfill, Spokane County, WA EPA Region 10

Deficiencies:

None noted.

Recommendation and Required Actions:

None recommended based on the review and Site Inspection.

Protectiveness Statement:

Based on this Five-Year Review, the Colbert Landfill Superfund site remedial actions are operating and functioning as designed, and institutional controls are in place and are protective. The remedial action cleanup levels remain protective of human health and the environment.

#### Other Comments:

Spokane County has continued to operate the groundwater extraction and treatment system and perform the operations and maintenance (O&M) of the system in a very effective manner. The Project Manager and staff are well trained and keep very complete records of system activities. In-house staff have been satisfactorily trained to operate the systems and take samples for performance and compliance monitoring. The county has adequately funded the O&M since the construction was completed. Project staff have identified "watch" areas to identify potential problem areas before they become environmental problems or emergency O&M issues. No problems were identified during the Five-Year Review of this site.

Approved:

Mike Gearheard, Director Environmental Cleanup Office

**EPA Region 10** 

Date

9-20-99

### **Five-Year Review Report**

#### Introduction

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 10 has conducted a Five-Year review of the remedial actions implemented at the Colbert Landfill (Site) located in Spokane County, Washington. This review was conducted from May through August, 1999. This report documents the results of the review.

The purpose of the Five-Year Review is to determine whether the remedy at the Site has remained protective of human health and the environment. The methods, findings, and conclusions of the review are documented in this report. In addition, any deficiencies and recommendations that were identified are described and have been reported to the responsible party.

Statutory Review

This is a Statutory Five-Year review. Statutory reviews are required for sites where hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants above levels that will not allow for unlimited use or unrestricted exposure will remain onsite even after the remedial action has been implemented. EPA must implement Five-Year reviews consistent with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) and the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP). CERCLA Section 121(c), as amended, states:

If the President selects a remedial action that results in any hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site, the President shall review such remedial action no less often that each five years after the initiation of such remedial action to assure that human health and the environment are being protected by the remedial action being implemented.

The NCP part 300.430(f)(4)(ii) of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) states:

If a remedial action is selected that results in hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure, the lead agency shall review such action no less often than every five years after the initiation of the selected remedial action.

This is considered the second Five-Year Review for Colbert Landfill. The trigger date for this site is the Contract Award date for the start of construction of the remedial action as reported in the EPA WasteLAN database; 8/28/89. The initial Five-Year

Review was done on July 13, 1994, just after the construction of the groundwater extraction and treatment system was completed. A second site inspection was done at the completion of the landfill cap and cover system on September 9, 1997.

Waste organic solvents were dumped into the landfill for disposal and migrated to the groundwater aquifers beneath the site. The remedial actions are to mitigate the contamination in the aquifers to concentrations below the drinking water criteria, thus allowing unrestricted use of the groundwater. The waste solvents found in the landfill waste were not found to be a continuing source and were contained within the closed and capped landfill.

## II. Site Chronology

Chrono	loav	of	Site	Events
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<u>Event</u>	<u>Date</u>
Initial Problem Identification Final NPL Listing Interim Remedial Measure (alternate water supply) RIFS Completed ROD Signed RD/RA Consent Decree (effective date) RA Construction Started (monitoring wells) Design Completed (extraction/treatment system) Previous Five-Year Review (during construction period) Construction Start (landfill closure) Construction Completed (extraction/treatment system) Construction Completed (landfill closure) EPA Construction Closeout Report (PCOR)	4/24/80 9/08/83 fall 1985 9/29/87 9/29/87 2/28/89 8/28/89 7/12/93 7/13/94 8/15/96 2/33/97 5/31/97 9/09/97
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#### III. Background

The Colbert Landfill Superfund site is a closed, 40-acre, municipal solid waste landfill located approximately 15 miles north of Spokane, Washington, and about 2.5 miles north of Colbert, Washington. The site is owned and was operated by Spokane County (County). The landfill operated from 1968 to 1986, when it became filled to capacity and was covered. The landfill was capped and closed under the State of Washington regulations for solid waste units in 1996. The state landfill closure requirements meet the EPA closure requirements. The cap is a multi-layered, low permeable, cover system designed to reduce infiltration into the buried waste. The site is in a rural setting that is experiencing rural growth on 5-acre parcels. West of the

landfill is a new city/county solid waste transfer facility. In 1983, 20 domestic wells were found to be contaminated above drinking water standards by contaminated groundwater.

Groundwater in the vicinity of the landfill is contaminated with chlorinated organic solvents. At least part of this contamination has been traced to spent solvents that were disposed of at the landfill. Solvents were reportedly disposed of at an average rate of several hundred gallons per month for a number of years, and primarily consisted of 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA) and methylene chloride (MC). Other organic solvents were also detected in groundwater near the landfill, including trichloroethylene (TCE), tetrachloroethylene (PCE),1,1-dichloroethylene (DCE), and 1,1-dichloroethane (DCA). These six chlorinated organic solvents are referred to as the "Contaminants of Concern."

In 1980, nearby residents complained to the Eastern Regional Office of the Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology) about disposal practices at the landfill. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Ecology supported the Spokane County Utilities Department with an investigation into the citizen complaints and initiated a groundwater contamination study by sampling nearby private wells. The results of this initial sampling and investigation indicated that some private domestic wells were contaminated and an alternate drinking water source was suggested by the Spokane County Health District.

EPA and Ecology recommended the site for the National Priorities List (NPL) in 1982. In October 1983, the landfill was added to the NPL list by EPA.

#### IV. Remedial Actions

The Spokane County Utilities Department began studies shortly after the identification of the contaminated groundwater problem in 1980. The initial studies were focused on determining the source of the contamination. Then in 1984 the remedial investigation (RI) was started to determine the nature and extent of the contamination under the direction of Ecology.

The RI data gathering process included the installation and sampling of 34 new groundwater monitoring wells and sampling over 50 private domestic wells around the site. Soil vapor and electromagnetic remote sensing technologies were also used to enhance the well data.

A Risk Assessment was done as a part of the study to evaluate the RI data in terms of risk to human health and the environment. Based upon the Risk Assessment, it was concluded that the most significant risks were from ingestion of (drinking) water

from contaminated wells. TCA exceeded the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 200 µg/l for drinking water in several domestic wells. Concentrations of TCA in the aquifer were consistently around 2000 µg/l in several areas around the landfill.

Although the groundwater is contaminated, the health risks posed by eating crops irrigated by the contaminated groundwater were not considered significant, nor were ingestion of beef or dairy products coming from these irrigated fields. Even the inhalation exposure to volatile organics from showering did not present a public health risk. These risks have been even further reduced since groundwater treatment has occurred.

The discharge of treated groundwater is to the Little Spokane River. An analysis of the potential effluent was done to determine if current discharge standards would be protective. The river has special phosphorous limitations which had to be met in addition to VOC loadings.

All the data was evaluated for potential remedies in the site feasibility study (FS) completed in 1987. The RI/FS determined that the two primary aquifers in the landfill vicinity, and a low-productivity aquifer to the east of the landfill are contaminated with some or all of the Contaminants of Concern. The FS recommended a pump and treat remedy to address this groundwater contamination.

On September 29, 1987, the Record of Decision (ROD) was signed by EPA requiring implementation of the following remedial actions:

- Prevent the further spread of contaminated groundwater towards the south and west from the landfill in the two aquifers by installing and operating interception wells and treating the extracted groundwater;
- Remove contaminated source materials from the groundwater to the east of the landfill which have entered the aquifers and are contributing to the contaminant plume, by installing and operating extraction wells in the area where the plumes originate and treating the effluent; and
- Provide an alternate water supply system to any residents whose domestic water supply has been effected by contamination from the landfill or by the action of the extraction systems,
  - Close the landfill to comply with the Ecology landfill closure regulations.

Three of the four identified Potentially Responsible Parties (PRPs) agreed to implement the ROD and signed a Consent Decree along with EPA and Ecology which was entered on February 28, 1989. The County agreed to take the lead on performing

the remedial actions with the others providing financial support. The fourth PRP, which did not sign the Consent Decree, did settle with EPA at a later date.

#### Remedial Construction Activities

The construction activities related to the remedial actions were all completed by Spokane County Utilities Department through County awarded contracts. The County hired an engineering firm to design and then to provide construction management for the construction contracts. County engineering staff were in charge of the project and provided oversight of the construction contractors.

The remedial construction actions were divided into three separate projects: an Initial Remedial Measure (IRM); installation of the ground water extraction and treatment system; and landfill closure.

The IRM was the construction of an alternate water supply system to the affected area. This action was designed and constructed before the RI was completed. It consisted of the extension of a municipal (Whitworth Water District #8) supply system. Construction was started in the fall of 1984 and completed in the fall of 1985. The county connected 23 residences with contaminated wells to the new alternate water supply. The supply system was designed to serve the whole area as the needs arose.

The extraction and treatment system consists of 10 extraction wells, the necessary pumps, piping, and controls, and the air-stripping treatment facility with its discharge of treated water to the Little Spokane River.

The landfill closure was designed and constructed after the extraction and treatment system was complete to allow for access to the landfill area if needed for this system and to allow changes in the state closure requirements to become finalized prior to design. The new landfill closure requirements were finalized after the ROD was signed and it was important to incorporate the new requirements since they were significantly more stringent that the previous ones and were consistent with the EPA RCRA Subtitle D landfill closure requirements.

The original cost estimate to implement the remedial actions described in the ROD was about \$14 million. The cost estimates were developed for various alternatives in the FS. Because the selected remedy was a pump and treatment project, the remedial action costs were projected for 30 years of operations and maintenance.

The actual costs for construction of the extraction and treatment system exceeded the original estimates for construction primarily because additional aquifer and plume definition were required before placement of the extraction well systems. An additional 30 monitoring wells at 19 locations were needed because the RI data was inadequate to design the selected remedial action.

The design and construction, including a pilot treatment plant, took about four years to complete. The final start-up of the treatment facility was only about four months later than was scheduled in the original design/construction work plan. The pump and treatment system was substantially complete on May 3, 1994.

A pre-final construction completion inspection of the treatment facility and extraction wells was done by the EPA project manager on July 13, 1994. Punch list items were related to the computerized controls and wireless telemetry that would make the operation of the system less labor intensive. It took almost a year, February 22, 1995, to debug the electronics and have them accepted by the County.

The following is a summary of the construction events for the extraction and treatment facility phase of the project:

- Fall 1984 to Fall 1985 Design and construction of the pipeline extension to bring the alternate water supply into the residential area around the landfill.
  - March 23, 1989 County signed the design contract.
- August 8, 1989 Contract awarded to construct monitoring and extraction wells to be used both for the pilot treatment studies and the final pump and treat.
- 1990-1991 Construction of the 30 new monitoring wells, the 4 extraction wells to be used for the pilot tests, the effluent discharge line to the Little Spokane River, and a meteorological station. The pilot tests were completed during the Spring of 1990.
- December 1991 Final Phase I Engineering Report providing results of the pilot air stripping tower and groundwater treatability studies.
- March 1992 Preliminary Treatment and Discharge Plan, Phase II Remedial Design/Remedial Action Plan.
- July 12, 1993 Approval of the Plans and Technical Specifications for bid.

- September 1993 Construction of the air-stripping towers, treatment building, and extraction system began.
- May 3, 1994 County accepted pump and treatment facility as functionally complete.
- July 13, 1994 EPA performed a Pre-Final Close Out Inspection site inspection of the extraction and treatment systems.
  - February 22, 1995 Spokane County fully accepted the treatment facility and extraction well system.

The remedial construction activities consisted of installing monitoring wells, extraction wells, an air-stripping treatment facility, and over four miles of piping conveyance to bring the extracted contaminated groundwater into the air-stripping unit for treatment and then discharge to the Little Spokane River.

A pilot treatment system was constructed and tested in two locations to obtain design data for the design and construction of the air-stripping tower and treatment facility. Although the pilot tests were just satisfactory, they did provide the necessary design data for the treatment facility.

Treated groundwater discharges easily meet the effluent limits for the Contaminants of Concern and other National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) substantive requirements. There have been no violations of the effluent limits since the treatment plant came on-line. Treated discharge data is being collected as part of the NPDES requirements.

The third phase of construction for this project was the upgraded closure of the landfill. When the landfill was filled to capacity and waste no longer accepted, clean cover soils were placed over the waste units. It was agreed in the ROD that the County would upgrade the cover to meet all of the revised landfill closure requirements which were under review at that time.

The following is a listing of some of the important actions that lead to landfill closure:

- Summer 1986 The landfill was filled to capacity and closed for the disposal of further waste material.
  - Summer 1986 A minimum of two feet of clean cover material (soil) was placed over the buried waste units. The site was surveyed to insure that there was at least two feet of clean cover over all of the site for

compliance with the operating permit. At the time the ROD was written, this was the state requirement for landfill closure.

- August 29, 1995 Contracted for design of the landfill cap to be consistent with current state and federal closure regulations.
- April 15, 1996 Notice to Proceed for construction of the landfill closure.
- August, 1996 Construction essentially complete for all of the work elements.
- April 3, 1996 Preliminary Close Out site inspection of landfill closure by Ecology and EPA.
- May 31, 1997 Construction contract fulfilled. All of the punch-list items were completed. Remedial actions fully operational and functional.

## System Operations/O&M

The County hired and trained a system operator to run the extraction and treatment systems. She was in-place before the completion of construction and was trained during startup of the system. The County also hired and trained staff to perform the groundwater sampling which is a required part of the system performance and compliance monitoring. The County's Project Manager and staff have a solid command of the treatment needs, processes, and functions of the overall pump and treat system for groundwater contamination control and cleanup.

# Progress Since the Last Five-Year Review

The County accepted the project from the construction contractor in 1997, after the first Five-Year Review. The groundwater monitoring is providing data that concludes that the systems are working. The overall concentrations of contaminants in the groundwater are decreasing, and the plume is not expanding in size. The concentrations of groundwater contaminants reaching the extraction wells in the South Extraction System has decreased sufficiently to allow three of the four extraction wells to be converted to monitoring wells and still maintain the required groundwater quality. At the time of this review, seven of the original 10 extraction wells are delivering contaminated groundwater to the treatment facility.

## V. Five-Year Review Findings

The review included the monitoring data generated from the site monitoring program. Monthly data on water quality provide the project managers with checks on whether the extraction and treatment system was providing the hydraulic barrier and source control as expected. With over five years of data available on the aquifer water quality and on the performance of the treatment system, reliability and trends can be established. The active extraction and treatment system is performing within the design parameters and there have been no problems meeting the effluent discharge requirements. Data also indicates that the contaminant concentrations in the aquifers are decreasing steadily. The system is working to clean up the contamination well enough that three extraction wells in the South System could be turned off demonstrating that cleanup has occurred in the aquifer.

The operations staff have tremendous knowledge about the working and functions of the project from water quality monitoring to maintenance of the treatment system. The staff have diagnosed problems and made improvements and fixes to various parts of the system as they arose. This trained staff are proving to be an asset to the county as it closes other county landfills. Having the operators respond to system glitches 24-hours-a-day seems to be a great incentive to solving the cause of problems not just restarting or patching the effects.

#### VI. Assessment

This project is working as designed and continuing to provide protection to users of this groundwater resource. The contaminated plume is defined and the concentrations of contaminants are decreasing throughout the contaminated zone. The plume has been prevented from expanding and potentially impacting additional users of the groundwater. The municipal water supply system has been able to expand to provide potable water to any new residents that moved into the area. The county has been able to keep new wells from being constructed over the plume. The remedial actions remain protective of human health and the environment.

#### VII. Deficiencies

No specific deficiencies were noted during the file review or during the site inspection. The "Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist (Template)" is attached with the results of the site inspection.

# VIII. Recommendations and Required Actions

No specific actions for improvements or changes are being forwarded to the PRPs based on this Five-Year Review.

## IX. Protectiveness Statement

The cleanup goals for the groundwater that were established in the ROD are still considered protective of human health and the environment and the remedial actions for this site were protective when constructed and continue to remain protective.

# Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist (Template)

(Working document for site inspection. Information may be filled in by hand and attached to the five-year review report as supporting documentation of site status.)

L SITE INF	ORMATION
Site name: COLBRAT LANDFILL	Date of inspection: July 26 1999
Location and region: SPOKANE WA RIO	EPA ID: WA D980514541
Agency, office or company leading the Five-Year	Weather/temperature:
Review: EPA - REGION 10	CLEAR 80°F
Remedy Includes (Check all that apply)	
Landfill cover/containment	
Groundwater pump and treatment	
☐ Surface water collection and treatment	
☐ Other	
☐ Inspection team roster attached ☐ Site map attache	ed to
II. INTERVIEWS (	Check all that apply)
1. O&M site manager But WEDLAKE P	RUSECT MER 7/26/99
Name	Title Date
Interviewed 🗷 at site □ at office □ by phone Phon	ie no. <u>589 · 452 - 3604</u>
Problems, suggestions;   Report attached	
2. O&M staff DER GEIGGE Se ENVICE	TECH 7/26/99
Name Title	Date
Interviewed	e no. <u>509 - 456</u> . 3604
Problems, suggestions; ☐ Report attached	

3. FLA INSPECTOR. NEIL THOMPSON, PROJECT MANAGER 206-553-7177

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}	Maintenance Logs Readily available Up to date N/A
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2.	Site Specific Health and Safety Plan Readily available Dup to date N/A
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3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records Readily available Up to date N/A
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4.	Permits and Service Agreements
1.	☐ Air discharge permit
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}	☐ Other permits ☐ Readily available ☐ Up to date ☐ N/A
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☐ Funding mechanism/agreement in place	
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V. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS	
V. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS — Whenever possible, actual site conditions should be documented with pho	tographs
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Whenever possible, actual site conditions should be documented with pho  A. Fencing  1. Fencing damaged   Location shown on site map   Gates secured   N/A   Remarks   Tele   Mo   Dem Able   Fesco    B. Site Access  1. Access restrictions, signs, other security measures   Location shown on map   Remarks   CATE    C. Perimeter Roads  1. Roads damaged   Location shown on site map   Roads adequate   N/A   Remarks    D. General  1. Vandalism/trespassing   Location shown on site map   No vandalism evident   Remarks    2. Land use changes onsite   N/A	
Whenever possible, actual site conditions should be documented with pho  A. Fencing  1. Fencing damaged   Location shown on site map   Gates secured   N/A   Remarks   Tees   And   Damable   - Footbook  B. Site Access  1. Access restrictions, signs, other security measures   Location shown on map   Remarks   Cars    C. Perimeter Roads  1. Roads damaged   Location shown on site map   Roads adequate   N/A   Remarks   Roads   Roads   Roads   Roads adequate   N/A   Remarks   Roads   Roa	
Whenever possible, actual site conditions should be documented with pho  A. Fencing  1. Fencing damaged   Location shown on site map   Gates secured   N/A   Remarks   TOCK   AND   (AC. DAMAGE   - COCCED  B. Site Access  1. Access restrictions, signs, other security measures   Location shown on map   Remarks   CATED  C. Perimeter Roads  1. Roads damaged   Location shown on site map   Roads adequate   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    D. General  1. Vandalism/trespassing   Location shown on site map   No vandalism evident   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    2. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    2. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    2. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    2. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    2. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    2. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    2. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    3. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    3. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    3. Land use changes onsite   N/A   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks   Remarks    3. Land use changes onsite   Remarks    4. Land use changes   Remarks   Remarks    4. Land use changes   Remarks   Remarks    4. Land use changes    4. L	
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4.	Institutional controls (site conditions imply institutional controls not being enforced) \( \subseteq N/A \)
	Agency Spokanic Co. HEALTH DISTRICT
	Contact Spare Holder Spare Spare Spare Spare Spare Phone no.
	Problems; suggestions;  Report attached
	M. LANDFILL COVER PApplicable Notapplicable
A.	Landfill Surface
	Settlement (Low spots)
	Remarks BEING WATTHED - STAKED AND MEASURED LONG Set
2.	Cracks   Location shown on site map   Cracking not evident  Lengths
	Remarks
3.	Erosion    Location shown on site map    Erosion not evident
	Areal extent Depth
	Remarks
4.	Holes □ Location shown on site map □ Holes not evident  Areal extent □ Depth □
	Remarks GODHERS - ABOVE MEMBRANE IN VECETATIVE COVER 6
5.	Vegetative Cover Grass Cover properly established ☐ No signs of stress ☐ Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and locations on a diagram)  Remarks
	Notified No.
6.	Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.)
<b>U</b> -	Remarks
	No marks
7.	Bulges
• •	Areal extent Height
	Remarks
8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage
	₩ Wet areas □ Location shown on site map Areal extent
	☐ Ponding ☐ Location shown on site map Areal extent
	☐ Seeps ☐ Location shown on site map Areal extent
	□ Soft subgrade □ Location shown on site map  Areal extent  □ Areal extent □ Are
	Remarks DNLY IN SETTLE AREA - NO STANDING WATER
9.	Slope Instability
ソ.	Areal extent
	Remarks
	retital Ka
D .	Benches □ Applicable 🗷 Not applicable
D.	(Horizontally constructed mounds of earth placed across a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope in
	order to slow down the velocity of surface runoff and intercent and convey the runoff to a lined channel.)

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1.	Flows Bypass Bench   Location shown on site map  N/A or okay
Ì	Remarks
2.	Bench Breached □ Location shown on site map □ N/A or okay
}	Remarks
}	
3.	Bench Overtopped ☐ Location shown on site map ☐ N/A or okay
	Remarks
ļ	
C.	Letdown Channels
	(Channel lined with erosion control mats, riprap, grout bags, or gabions that descends down the steep side
	slope of the cover and will allow the runoff water collected by the benches to move off of the landfill cover
	without creating erosion gullies.)
1.	Settlement    Location shown on site map
	Areal extent Depth
	Remarks
<u></u>	
2.	Material Degradation
	□ No evidence of degradation
'	Material type Areal extent
}	Remarks
<u></u>	
3.	Erosion
İ	Areal extent Depth
İ	Remarks
<u> </u>	
4.	Undercutting
}	Remarks
<b> </b>	remarks
5.	Obstructions Type
ا ک	Obstructions Type  No obstructions  \[ \subseteq \text{Location shown on site map}  \text{Areal extent} \]
! .	Size
	Remarks
ļ	
6.	Excessive Vegetative Growth Type
"	□ No evidence of excessive growth
	□ Vegetation in channels does not obstruct flow
	☐ Location shown on site map Areal extent
	Remarks
D.	Cover Penetrations Applicable   Not applicable
1.	Gas Vents   ☐ Active ☐ Passive ☐ Properly secured/locked ☐ Functioning
	Routinely sampled Good condition \(\sigma\) Needs O&M \(\sigma\) Evidence of leakage at penetration
	₩N/A NOT
}	Remarks A PROBLEM AT THIS SITE
	- VERY LITTLE SETTLEMENT NOTED - ONE SMALL SPOT

2.	Gas Monitoring Probes Properly secured/locked Functioning
\	Routinely sampled Good condition Needs O&M Evidence of leakage at penetration
	□ N/A
1	Remarks
3.	Monitoring Wells (within surface area of landfill) Properly secured/locked - with locked fence
١٠.	Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition
	□ Evidence of leakage at penetration □ N/A
1	
İ	Remarks
4.	Leachate Extraction Wells □ Properly secured/locked □ Functioning
	☐ Routinely sampled ☐ Good condition ☐ Needs O&M
	☐ Evidence of leakage at penetration EN/A
	Remarks
١.	
5.	Settlement Monuments
•	Remarks
	Remarks
<u> </u>	
	Gas Collection and Treatment
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities
	☐ Flaring ☐ Thermal destruction ☐ Collection for reuse
	Good condition □ Needs O&M
1	Remarks SCRUB METRUL ETZ UBING CARBON AT SURPRION
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifolds and Piping
l	SGood condition ☐ Needs O&M
ļ	Remarks
ŀ	Tollida No.
<u> </u>	C D
	Cover Drainage Layer Applicable   Not applicable
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected  Functioning XN/A
ĺ	Remarks SHEET FLOW
1	
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected Functioning  N/A
1	Remarks
<del>   </del>	Detection/Sedimentation Devide 10 Applicable   Not emplicable
_	Detention/Sedimentation Ponds Applicable
1.	Siltation Areal extent Depth N/A
·	Siltation not evident
	Remarks
2.	Erosion Areal extent Depth
1	Erosion not evident
	Remarks
1	
<u> </u>	Outlet Wester & Francisco Flavor
3.	Outlet Works Functioning N/A
	Remarks
1	·

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4.	Dam
Ì	Remarks
H.	Retaining Walls  Applicable  Not applicable
1.	Deformations ☐ Location shown on site map ☐ Deformation not evident
•	Horizontal displacement Vertical displacement
·	Rotational displacement
	Remarks
ł	
2.	Degradation □ Location shown on site map □ Degradation not evident
	Remarks
ľ	<del>/</del>
Ī.	Perimeter Ditches/Off-Site Discharge Applicable   Not applicable
1.	Siltation    Location shown on site map
	Areal extent Depth
	Remarks
2.	Vegetative Growth ☐ Location shown on site map ☐ N/A
	W Vegetation does not impede flow
ţ	· _
	Remarks
3.	Erosion
l	Areal extent Depth
	Remarks
١.	
4.	Discharge Structure
	Remarks
· ·	
13m	VII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS
1.	Settlement □ Location shown on site map □ Settlement not evident
	Areal extent Depth
}	Remarks
[.	
2.	Performance Monitoring Type of monitoring
	□ Performance not monitored
	Frequency   Evidence of breaching
•	Remarks
1	
	WIII. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES Applicable On Applicable
A.	Groundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines
1	X Applicable ☐ Not applicable

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1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical	
}	☑ Good condition ☑ All required wells located ☐ Needs O&M ☐ N/A	1
}	Remarks	.
ł	·	
ļ		
١.		
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances	- 1
1	<b>⊠</b> Good condition □ Needs O&M	
ļ	Remarks	. [
Ì		
B	Surface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines	
D.		1
<u> </u>	☐ Applicable Not applicable	
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Electrical	
ļ	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs O&M	
1	Remarks	
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances	
-	□ Good condition □ Needs O&M	
Į	·	
	Remarks	
C.	Treatment System Applicable	
1.	Treatment Train (Check components that apply)	
1		
	☐ Metals removal ☐ Oil/water separation ☐ Bioremediation  Air stripping ☐ Carbon adsorbers	
	□ Filters □ Others	
ĺ	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs O&M	
ļ	Sampling ports properly marked and functional	
ĺ	Sampling/maintenance log displayed and up to date	
1	Equipment properly identified	
	Quantity of groundwater treated annually 350 M gallons 1.3 Mgd	
Į	Quality of groundwater treated annually 350 M games	
	☐ Quantity of surface water treated annually NA	
	Remarks	
2.	Electrical Enclosures and Panels (properly rated and functional) \( \subseteq N/A \)	
Ì	☐ Good condition □ Needs O&M	
	Remarks	
	Remarks	
L		
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storage Vessels □ N/A	
	☐ Good condition ☐ Proper secondary containment ☐ Needs O&M	•
	Remarks	
<u> </u>	Disabarra Camatarra and Annual Annual Claus	
4.	Discharge Structure and Appurtenances N/A	
ł	☐ Good condition ☐ Needs O&M	
	Remarks	
5.	Treatment Building(s)	
١,٠	✓ Good condition □ Needs repair	
{	Chemicals and equipment properly stored	
1		
ļ	Remarks	
1 .		

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6.	□ Needs O&M □	pump and treatment remedy) [Routinely sampled (A) Good on N/A		s located
ľ	Remarks		<del></del>	<del></del>
-	Maria de Na		<del></del>	
D.	Monitored Natura			···
[ 1.	Monitoring Wells (	(natural attenuation remedy)	☐ Properly secured/locked	·
	☐ Functioning	☐ Routinely sampled		
]	☐ Good condition	☐ All required wells located	□ Needs O&M 💢 N/A	
	Remarks	•	•	•
}				<del></del>

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4.5	IX: OTHER REMEDIES
	If there are remedies applied at the site which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing
	the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil
	vapor extraction.
	X. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
Α.	
<u>A.</u>	<del></del>
	Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed.
	Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume,
	minimize infiltration and gas emission, etc.).
	÷
_ <u>B.</u>	Adequacy and the Continued Need for O&M
	Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular,
	discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.

C.	Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Failure
	Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in
	the future.
D.	Opportunities for Optimization
	Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.
,	